

令和 3 年度 函館大学 一般選抜 A 日程 試験問題

『英 語』

※ 解答はすべて解答用紙に記入すること。

【I】 1枚の写真について4つの短い説明文(A)～(D)が1度だけ放送されます。4つのうち、写真を最も的確に描写しているものを(A)～(D)から1つ選びなさい。

1.



(A) (B) (C) (D)

2.



(A) (B) (C) (D)

3.



(A) (B) (C) (D)

【II】 2つのトークがそれぞれ1度だけ放送されます。各トークには2つ設問があります。各設問において、(A) ～ (D)の中から最も適当なものを選びなさい。

トーク 1

1. What did the speaker recently buy?
 - (A) A table
 - (B) A chair
 - (C) A screwdriver
 - (D) A desk

2. Why does the speaker request a return call?
 - (A) To change an order
 - (B) To get some screws
 - (C) To give something to a friend
 - (D) To buy a new table

トーク 2

3. What does the caller want to do?
 - (A) Read a newspaper
 - (B) Publish a book
 - (C) Change an interior design
 - (D) Make a call

4. What is the listener asked to do?
 - (A) Advertise a company
 - (B) Return a call
 - (C) Postpone a project
 - (D) Bake cookies

【III】 次の 1～15 までの () に入る最も適切なものを、(A) ～ (D) の中から 1 つ選びなさい。

1. It was a quiet and () night, so I slept very well.

 (A) peaceful (B) hot (C) close (D) difficult
2. Martin started playing a new smartphone game. It was really exciting, so he played it all () the night. The next day, he was very tired.

 (A) on (B) through (C) across (D) up
3. Everyone says that Caroline () her father. They have the same large eyes and smile in the same way.

 (A) resembles (B) bothers (C) instructs (D) tries
4. The students started working with more () when they learned that they would get a prize if their class did the best on their university project.

 (A) origin (B) accident (C) warning (D) enthusiasm
5. I'd like to know () made this raspberry pie because it's delicious!

 (A) which (B) where (C) who (D) how
6. Last Friday Tim and his family drove to the mountain. In order to avoid the heavy () on the highway, they left early in the morning.

 (A) pleasure (B) traffic (C) temple (D) rhythm
7. My father broke his (). He couldn't take us to the swimming pool on Sunday because he had to work.

 (A) problem (B) point (C) pollution (D) promise

8. Mr. and Mrs. Costa were unable to enjoy their dinner at the restaurant because their children were () badly. They were shouting and throwing their food at each other.
- (A) appreciating (B) behaving (C) marching (D) observing
9. Samuel studied for his English test every morning last week. His hard work () a very good score on the test.
- (A) went by (B) turned off (C) resulted in (D) looked up
10. Ryan has decided to () in a marathon next month. He is training hard to get prepared for the race.
- (A) turn (B) delay (C) participate (D) whisper
11. Judy went to the gym early today () volleyball.
- (A) to practice (B) practices (C) practiced (D) practicing
12. Marty has lived in Vancouver for twenty years. He enjoys living there, but he does not like the cool, rainy ().
- (A) surface (B) climate (C) design (D) plant
13. My new smartphone is just the () as my sister's.
- (A) different (B) many (C) same (D) true
14. Mr. Churchill read his students' English essays and wrote comments about the errors. He then returned the essays to his students and asked them to () the errors for homework.
- (A) correct (B) elect (C) decide (D) postpone
15. Andrew and Susan () to get married next June, so right now they are saving money to buy a car.
- (A) influence (B) regret (C) preserve (D) intend

【IV】 次の英文を読んで設問に答えなさい。各設問において、(A) ～ (D) の中から最も適当なものを選びなさい。

What does the word ‘alien’ mean? For most people these days it probably means terrible, almost indestructible monsters. Well, it can mean that, but not surprisingly, it has other, older meanings. ‘Alien’ used to just mean ‘different’ or ‘foreign’. In fact, when I first arrived in Japan, at Narita airport, I was amused, but not particularly surprised, to find that I was expected to wait in an immigration line for ‘Aliens’. The signs at Narita no longer say ‘Alien’, they say something else, something boring which I don’t remember. People took offence at the word and campaigned to have it changed. But I wish it hadn’t been changed. I liked being an alien. I loved standing in line and picturing myself with tentacles and antennae, with green skin and wild, mad x-ray eyes. It was fun.

But the signs don’t really matter, because however much the signs are changed, I am still an alien in Japan. I’ve lived here for a long time now, I speak the language, I work here, I even have family here, but I am still an alien—I am an alien and I carry a card to prove it, and as I say, I am perfectly happy this way. Some people, of course, are not happy, and some of them leave Japan, some form tight little foreign communities, some even try very hard to become ‘more Japanese than the Japanese’.

(indestructible=not able to be destroyed; tentacle=触手; antennae=触角; x-ray=X 線)

1. What happened when the author found the sign saying ‘Alien’ at Narita airport?

- (A) The author did not understand what the sign meant.
- (B) The author enjoyed imagining himself being a strange creature.
- (C) The author complained to the officials that the sign was offensive.
- (D) The author felt like going back to his homeland immediately.

2. What does the author suggest?

- (A) We should always use words in their newest meanings.
- (B) The signs at Narita airport show Japanese low degree of English skill.
- (C) Everyone has their own response to being alien.
- (D) Every immigrant should try hard to change their status from alien to local.

【V】 SUBJECT について、あなたの考えを英文で 30 単語以上 書きなさい。

[SUBJECT]

Which do you eat more often, rice or bread?

* 30 単語以上書いたものを評価の対象とします。